2005 Monitoring Summary



Mill Creek at Elmore County Road 2120 (32.45541/-86.36339)

BACKGROUND

The Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) selected the Mill Creek watershed for biological and water quality monitoring as part of the 2005 Assessment of the Alabama, Coosa, and Tallapoosa (ACT) River Basins. One objective of the ACT Basin Assessments were to assess the biological integrity of each monitoring site and to estimate overall water quality within the ACT basin group.

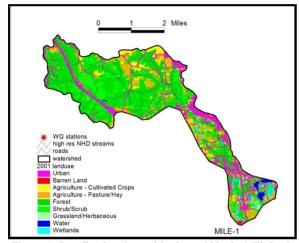


Figure 1. Sampling location and landuse within the Mill Creek watershed at MILE-1.

WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS

Watershed characteristics are summarized in Table 1. Mill Creek is a small *Fish & Wildlife (F&W)* stream located near the city of Millbrook (Fig. 1). Landuse within the watershed is 47% forest, 18% pasture and cultived crops, and 14% open and low-intensity development, primarily single-family residences. Interstate 65 runs through the upper reaches of the watershed.

REACH CHARACTERISTICS

General observations (Table 2) and habitat assessments (Table 3) were completed during the macroinvertebrate assessment. In comparison with reference reaches in the same ecoregion, they give an indication of the physical condition of the site and the quality and availability of habitat. Mill Creek at MILE-1 is a low-gradient, sand-bottomed stream in the Alabama River floodplain. The presence of wetland and swamp areas are characteristic of streams in the Southeastern Floodplains and Low Terraces. Overall habitat quality was categorized as *marginal* due to sedimentation, bank erosion, and a lack of stable in-stream habitat.

BIOASSESSMENT RESULTS

Benthic macroinvertebrate communities were sampled using ADEM's Intensive Multi-habitat Bioassessment methodology (WMB-I). The WMB-I uses measures of taxonomic richness, community composition, and community tolerance to assess the overall health of the macroinvertebrate community. Each metric is scored on a 100 point scale. The final score is an average of the score for each metric. Metric results indicated the macroinvertebrate community to be characterized by pollution-tolerant taxa groups, indicating *poor* community condition (Table 4).

Table 1. Summary of watershed characteristics.

Drainage Area (mi ²)		10
<u>Ecoregion</u> ^a		65p
% Landuse		
Open water		<1
Wetland	Woody	2
E	mergent herbaceous	<1
Forest	Deciduous	26
	Evergreen	7
	Mixed	14
Shrub/scrub		18
Pasture/hay		12
Cultivated crops		6
Development	Open space	10
	Low intensity	4
	Moderate intensity	1
	High intensity	<1
Population/km ² b		103
# NPDES Permits ^c	TOTAL	24
Construction Stormwater		23
Industrial General		1

- a. Southeastern Flood Plains and Low Terraces
- o. 2000 US Census data
- c. # NPDES permits in ADEM's NPDES Management System database, 9 June 2008.

Table 2. Physical characteristics at MILE-1. June 24, 2005.

Physical Characteristics			
Width (ft)		15	
Canopy cover		Shaded	
Depth (ft)			
	Run	2.0	
	Pool	1.0	
% of Reach			
	Run	80	
	Pool	20	
% Substrate			
	Gravel	5	
	Sand	83	
	Silt	5	
	Detritus	7	

Table 3. Results of the habitat assessment conducted June 24, 2005.

Habitat Assessment (% Maximum					
Score)		Rating			
Instream habitat quality	46	Marginal (40-52)			
Sediment deposition	44	Marginal (41-58)			
Sinuosity	38	Poor (<45)			
Bank and vegetative stability	41	Marginal (45-64)			
Riparian buffer	83	Sub-optimal (70-90)			
Habitat assessment score	116				
% Maximum score	53	Marginal (41-58)			

Table 4. Results of the macroinvertebrate bioassessment conducted June 24, 2005.

Macroinvertebrate Assessment				
	Results	Scores	Rating	
Taxa richness measures				
# EPT genera	7	28	Poor (19-37)	
Taxonomic composition measure	es			
% Non-insect taxa	8	86	Fair (61.8-92.7)	
% Plecoptera	2	1	Very Poor (<1.86)	
% Dominant taxa	31	47	Poor (23.5-47.0)	
Functional composition measure	s			
% Predators	3	1	Very Poor (<15.1)	
Tolerance measures				
Beck's community tolerance index	4	18	Poor (10.6-21.2)	
% Nutrient tolerant organisms	69	1	Very Poor (<25.4)	
WMB-I Assessment Score		26	Poor (19-37)	

WATER CHEMISTRY

Results of water chemistry analyses are presented in Table5. In situ measurements and water samples were collected monthly, semi-monthly (metals),or quarterly (pesticides, herbicides (atrazine), and semi-volatile organics) during March through October of 2005 to help identify any stressors to the biological communities. The fecal coliform count was >2,000 colonies/100 mL in one of 7 (14%) samples collected (July 27th), above water quality criteria for its F&W use classification (stream flow=12.0 cfs). Median concentrations of nutrients (nitrate+nitrite-nitrogen, ammonia, total phophorus), chlorides, and total and suspended solids were above concentrations expected in this ecoregion. The site did not exceed numeric criteria for metals. However, total aluminum and total and dissolved iron were also above values expected in this ecoregion.

CONCLUSIONS

Bioassessment results indicated the macroinvertebrate community in Mill Creek at MILE-1 to be in *poor* condition. Results of other data collected during 2005 suggest sedimentation and nutrient enrichment to be potential causes of the deteriorated biological conditions. Aluminum and iron are common, naturally occurring metals in the soil. Elevated concentrations of these metals is often linked to sedimentation.

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Table 5. Summary of water quality data collected March-October, 2005. Minimum (Min) and maximum (Max) values calculated using minimum detection limits (MDL) when results were less than this value. Median, average (Avg), and standard deviations (SD) values were calculated by multiplying the MDL by 0.5 when results were less than this value. Metals results were compared to ADEM's chronic aquatic life use criteria adjusted for hardness.

Parameter	N	Min		Max	Median	Avg	SD
Physical			_			-	
Temperature (°C)	8	13.0	1	28.0	21.5	20.3	6.1
Turbidity (NTU)	8	8.2		19.3	11.7	13.2	4.2
Total dissolved solids (mg/L)	7	32.0		73.0	53.0 ^M	54.0	15.7
Total suspended solids (mg/L)	7	10.0		23.0	16.0 ^M	16.4	4.3
Specific conductance (µmhos)	8	32.6		324	38.8	74.5	100.9
Hardness (mg/L)	4	8.7		10.4	9.7	9.6	0.9
Alkalinity (mg/L)	7	8.2		11.7	9.4	9.5	1.2
Stream Flow (cfs)	8	7.2		12.8	10.9	10.7	
Chemical			1		1		
Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)	8	7.2		10.1	8.4	8.5	1.2
pH (su)	8	6.0		7.1	6.7	6.6	0.4
Ammonia nitrogen (mg/L)	7	< 0.015	<	0.015	0.008M	0.008	0.000
Nitrate+nitrite nitrogen (mg/L)	7	0.262		0.410	0.315 ^M	0.318	0.051
Total Kjeldahl nitrogen (mg/L)	7	< 0.150		0.447	0.075	0.128	0.141
Total nitrogen (mg/L)	7	0.206		0.604	0.237	0.287	0.142
Dissolved reactive phosphorus (mg/L)	7	< 0.004		0.009	0.005	0.005	0.003
Total phosphorus (mg/L)	7	0.004		0.073	0.045 ^M	0.042	0.025
J CBOD-5 (mg/L)	6	< 1.0		4.1	1.4	2.1	1.4
J Chlorides (mg/L)	6	3.8		5.9	5.3 ^M	5.2	0.8
Atrazine (µg/L)	2	< 0.05	<	0.05	0.02	0.02	0.00
Total Metals	_	1 0.00	L	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00
Aluminum (mg/L)	3	< 0.015	1	0.153	0.146 ^M	0.102	0.082
Iron (mg/L)	3	1.30		1.67	1.58 ^M	1.52	0.193
Manganese (mg/L)	3	0.07		0.199	0.15	0.14	0.065
Dissolved Metals		0.01		01.00	1	••••	0.000
Aluminum (mg/L)	3	< 0.015	П	0.153	0.146	0.102	0.096
Antimony (µg/L)	2	< 2	1	2	1	1	0
Arsenic (µg/L)	3	< 10	<	10	5	5	0
Cadmium (mg/L)	3	< 0.005	<	0.005	0.002	0.002	0.000
Chromium (mg/L)	3	< 0.004	<	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.000
Copper (mg/L)	3	< 0.005	<	0.005	0.002	0.002	0.000
Iron (mg/L)	3	< 0.005		0.362	0.316 ^M	0.227	0.196
Lead (µg/L)	3	2		2	1	1	0
Manganese (mg/L)	3	0.008		0.199	0.121	0.109	0.057
Mercury (μg/L)	3	< 0.3	<	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.0
Nickel (mg/L)	3	< 0.006	<	0.006	0.003	0.003	0.000
Selenium (µg/L)	3	< 10	<	10	5	5	0
Silver (mg/L)	3	< 0.003	<	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.000
Thallium (µg/L)	3	< 1	<	1	0.5	0.5	0.0
Zinc (mg/L)	3	< 0.006	<	0.006	0.003	0.003	0.000
Biological							
J Chlorophyll a (mg/L)	7	0.36		3.20	1.07	1.35	1.13
Fecal Coliform (col/100 mL)	7	67	>	2000	170	578	716

J=estimate; N=# samples; M=value > 25th percentile of all data collected within ecoregion 65p